PER YORK HERALD, THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1881 TRIPLY SHEET,

GENERAL PRIM ON THE PENINSULA.

The Spanish General on the Fair Oaks Battle Field.

Grand Review of General Fitz John Porter's Corps.

Interesting Manœuvres of the New York Zouaves, &c.,

Our Special Army Correspondence.

HRADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, IN FRONT OF RICHMOND, June 9, 1862. Prim, Commander-in-Chief of the Spat cisatlantic forces, accompanied by members of his staff, was yesterday conducted through the various our army which are bivouncked on the other side of the Chickahominy. He manifested the ininterest in everything connected with the Army of the Potomac. No army in the world has ever had such magnificent material, such elegant arms and equipments, such effective artillery; no army in the world has ever been better fed and clothed, nor been maintained in every particular with such mu-nificence. And, better still, the Army of the Potomac has always been victorious. It is no wonder, therefore, fame of McClellan and his army should spread ever all the world, and elicit the particular attention of foreign nations. The distinguished commander of the late expedition to Mexico was presented to a number of our generals, who kindly received him in their camps.

Perhaps the most interesting feature of his ride was his of the action which took place on the 31st of May and the 1st of June. When pointed out the spots where dif told how bravely they regained on Sunday the ground which had the day before been tost, he regarded each field and forest with marked attention, and spoke in the highest praise of the valor of our troops. It was exresting on their arms, and on their own battle field.

This afternoon there was a fine review of General Fitz John Porter's provisional army corps for the benefit of the distinguished Spanish stranger and the other guests. We have had so much wet weather recently that it was

considered quite fortunate that this day was so delightcorps was formed in a somewhat extensive plain, in front of General Morell's encampment. Still the space was not large enough to display the different rigades and regiments to the best advantage. The regulars, under General Sykes, were side by side with some mands a division of three brigades, composed of the regu-lars, the Firth New York Zouaves and other regiments, in addition to which is the First Connecticut artillery, under Colonel Tyler. On the field this afternoon this division ed in line by brigades. Each brigade was form ed by battalions on mass, doubled. The artillery was formed in battery between the First and Second and the Second and Fourth regiments of infantry. The whole division was finely formed, and presented an elegant ppearance. As I have already mentioned, however, he space was so contracted that General Morell's divi ad hardly room enough to make that grand display of which every one knows it to be capable. Sever regiments were absent, some on picket, and some on uty more important at this juncture than reviews. His division was placed in close column by livision, Griffin's batteries in front.

This was the position of the corps about one o'clock when General Prim, conducted by General Porter, and ompanied by a brilliant array of officers, splendidly mounted, came upon the ground. Besides General Prim there were Brigadier Milau, his chief of staff; Colonel de re and Colonel Castara, aids-de-camp; Tasto San Miguel, a distinguished Spanish gentleman of noble Perez Calvo, the historian, and Mr. Sales, who has from Washington by our authorities per of the members of General McClellan's staff ing the two young French princes, together with the English representatives and several of our own officers, contributed by their presence to make the party commander prepared his troops for review, and the bands played appropriate pieces; but the party simply rode along the divisions, as they stood in line by brigades, and then through the brigades as they stood neither formed in line of battle nor marched in review The distinguished Spanish general, however, as he rode his attractive uniform than by his martial bearing and venerable appearance. He saluted and received salute iers as he passed. For soldiers bivouacking on the field, face to face with the enemy, and witho conveniences of camp or garrison, our soldiers looked ally well, and were highly complimented for their earance. Other artillery, in an adjacent field, was equally admired with the infantry.

the New York Zouaves, with their brillian tuniforms, that after riding through the corps, the party paused a while and the regiment went through some of its manœuvres It is particularly proficient in the bayonet exercises not more so, perhaps, than many other regiments, how ever; for the bayonet is becoming an effective weapon in our engagements here on the peninsula. After forming in solid square and marching across the open space at double quick, the regiment speedily fell into line, and arren directed their movements in the bayonet drill. These were executed in splendid style. was beautiful to see the whole regiment in line moving like a machine, all the bayonets simultaneously glisten ing at a guard, a thrust or a parry, the bands playin appropriate airs and the other portions of the corps moving in independent bodies and changing their positions meanwhile. The General was greatly pleased with the appearance of our troops, and expressed his highest satisfaction at all he had seen.

Then the party rode off to the elevated ground, on

ted Dr. Gaines' residence, with its delightful lawns. This brought us within view of some of our own soldiers and those of the enemy on the other side of the Chickahominy. While the main portion of the com pany halted hore, General Porter conducted his foreign the swollen awamp. In the evening General Prim and staff returned to General McClellan's hesdquarters greatly gratified with the experience of their afternoon

AFFAIRS ON THE PENINSULA.

McCLELLAN'S HEADQUARTERS, June 11, 1862 The weather still continues unfavorable for militar operations. It has rained every other day for the past two weeks. The waters in the Chickahominy haw receded, and the roads are in a terrible condition.

NEWS FROM GEN. HALLECK'S ARMY.

Sr. Louis, June 11, 1862. versant with matters there, says that Ceneral Buell, with 80,000 troops, embracing two divisions of his own and all of General Pope's forces were at Guntown in hot pursuit of Bishop Polk's rebels.

General W. T. Sherman's division is repairing the bridges on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, between Corinth and Grand Junction.

General Wood's division, of Buell's corps, is repairing the bridges on Big Bear creek, twenty-rix miles east of

General Thomas, with about six thousand troops, is at Corinth renovating the town, so that it may be used as a

habitation for troops.

Generals McClernand and Wailace are at Pardy with bout twenty thousand troops.

The railroad from Corinth to Jackson, thence to Gran

Junction, is being rapidly repaired, and communication is expected to be opened with Columbus, Ky., in a day or two, affording an important and speedy route for

Eleven locomotives have been captured at different points, four of which are in rusning order, and the hace are being rapidly repaired.

Arrival of the Sloop-of-War Marion at Boston, June 11, 1862.
The sloop-of-war Marion, from Peasacole and Key

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 11, 1862 THE ISSUE OF TREASURY NOTES.

cretary of the Treasury, in a letter to the Connittee of Ways and Means, says, under the law \$60,000,000 domand notes, receivable for customs, have been issued, and \$90,000,000 in notes not so receivable. The outstanding amount is therefore \$150,000,000, being the entire sum heretofore authorized by the existing statutes. Of this aggregate \$56,500,000 in demannotes are held by banks and capitalists, and not used as circulation, being held at a premium in consequence of their availability for customs. The thus be regarded as practically withdrawn from circula tion. The limit of temporary deposit is now reached and nothing further can be expected from that source It is therefore upon the conversion of United States notes into five and twenty hundredths now practically limited receipts from customs that the Treasury must mainly depend under existing legislation for means to meet current expenditures. Hence the suggestion of the Secre tary of the Treasury for authority to issue \$150,000,000 legal tender notes, if of not less denomination than five dollars, in accordance with which the bill was to-day reported from the Committee of Ways and Means.

There is no ground for the report set affeat in Wall street that the Secretary of the Treasury is, or has been engaged in private negotiations with New York parties for the exchange of the 7 30-100 for demand notes, or that reports in Washington of dissatisfaction in Wall street. The whole truth is simply this:—The Treasury last week the ordinary resources of supply, and the Socretary therefore accepted several offers off three per cent premiums in demand notes for the 7.30 bonds, amounting altogether to two and a quarter millions, and havin obtained all the money required before the close of th week, he declined accepting any offers after Saturday. No partiality was shown to anybody. No offers made during the week were declined, and none made since have been accepted. The Secretary looked simply to the public interest and was satisfied, with getting what money he wanted with a premium of three per cent on his bonds, after having been informed by one of the most intelligent Wall street financers that he could not reasonably expect more than two.

COLLECTION OF TAXES IN INSURRECTIONARY DIS

TRICTS.

The bill for the collection of direct taxes in the insur rectionary districts has become a law. It provides for the sale of real estate in certain cases for this purpose. Where owners have abandoned their land to engage in the rebellion, and the same shall have been struck off to the United States at vendue, the Commissioners propose to be appointed may lease the same under such regula tions as will secure proper and reasonable employment, at wages, or upon shares of the crop, of such persons and families as may be residing upon the land. The pro ceeds of the leases and sales are to be paid into the Treasury, one-fourth of which is to be paid over to the Governor of the State wherein such lands are situated or his authorized agent, when such insurrection shall be put down, and the people shall elect a Legislature and State officers, who shall take an oath to support the constitution of the United States, and such fact shall be proclaimed by the President, for the purpose of reimbursing the loyal citizens of said State, or for such other purpose as said State may direct and one-tourth shall also be paid over to said State as s fund to aid in colonization or emigration from said State of any free persons of African descent who may desire to remove therefrom to Hayti, Liberia, or any other tropical State or colony.

RESUMPTION OF TRADE WITH THE RECOVERED DIS-The Treasury regulations heretofore declared respect ing the resumption of interior commerce with points overed from the rebels remain unchanged. ments may be made to Memphis and all other places in possession of the United States forces under the existing provisions to prevent aid to the enemy. Shipments are subject to the inspection and control of the military

ommanders at the points of arrival and destination. REVERDY JOHNSON'S MISSION TO NEW ORLEANS. Hon. Reverdy Johnson, Commissioner of the State Department, will take passage in the next steamer for

New Orleans. THE CHARGE OF TREASON AGAINST HON. BENJAMIN

WOOD, OF NEW YORK.

Some excitement has been produced by the charge formally made to-day, by Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, against Mr. Benjamin Wood, of New York, of aiding the robel leaders by furnishing important information. The charge is pointed and positive, and purports to be made on the authority of government. Mr. Wood met the impeachment boldly, and expressed satisfaction a having an opportunity to be heard before the Judi-ciary Committee, to which the matter is referred. No one appears to know exactly the specificagovernment the authority for the charge is derived. The government espionage during the war has been managed partly by the War and partly by the State De partment. In both of these it has been known for a long while that leading rebels in the South regard Mr. Wood as the safest man in Congress for them to look to for sympathetic action, but it is not believed that there is it either of these departments any positive evidence of any act of disloyalty or of complicity with the rebellion on his part. CORRESPONDENCE RELATIVE TO AN EXCHANGE OF

PRISONERS OF WAR.

The correspondence between General Wool and General Huger shows that a misunderstanding existed between them. The latter said he did intend not to give the former all the officers once retained as hostages in exchange for all the privateersmen, but to give him such a number of them in exchange as would be required by the cartel ostablishing the equivalent of rank, and the officers to be exchanged as usual. He also expresses the opinion that a perfect understanding has been effected between the two governments for a general exchange of all prisoners of war. General Wool, it appears, would not deliver the privateersmen, as Huger requested, he received the hostages, and the Secretary of War. Ran dolph, insisted that General Weol should name a num ber equal to that of the privateersmen to be exchanged.

APPOINTMENTS CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE. The Senate to-day confirmed the following Presidential appointments:-Christopher P. Wascott, of Ohio, Assistant Secretary

of War, in place of Thomas A. Scott, resigned.

Henry Clay Smith, of Kentucky; Major Zealous B Sower, of the Corps of Engineers; Major Washington Elliott, of the First cavalry, for gallant, service at Boo

ville, to be Brigadier Generals of Volunteers. Among the minor military confirmations is that lewis Casa Forsyth, Assistant Quartermaster, with the

George W. Beaman, of Missouri; Joseph T. Lisle, Pennsylvania; H. Mellville Hanna, of Ohio; George A. Lyon, of Pennsylvania; Edward Bellows, of New Hamp-shire; George F. Hale, of New York, and Wm. T. Mereith, Assistant Paymasters in the Navy.

Edward D. Payne, Assistant Surgeon in the Navy. Surgeons John M. Cuyler, Richard H. Cooledge, Chas. Keeney, Edward P. Vallum and George H. Lyman to be Medical Inspectors, under the recent act of Congress J. C. Dorr, of Massachasetts, Brigade Surgeon.

Julius W. Eggleston, Postmaster at New London, Co ectiout. Aaron P. Dalrymple, of New York, was confirmed on

SOLICITOR OF CUSTOMS AT NEW YORK.

The bill to create a Solicitor of Customs for New York came up for action in the House of Representatives, and was killed by an indefinite postponement to the next session. The revenue business is thus left in the hands of E. Delasteid Smith, the able District Attorney.

NAVAL ORDERS AND PROMOTIONS. The following officers have been ordered to report to mmodore Pendergrast for duty on board the Powhatan:-Lieut. Jonathan Young, Midshipman George M.

Bache. Lieut, Leonard Paulding ordered to report to Commo dore Paulding for ordnance duty at the New York Navy

Lieut. M. C. Campbell ordered to the Jamesto

Nathaniel Morgan promoted from Master's Mate of the Relief to Acting Master at the New York Navy Yard. DEPARTURE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE. Secretary Seward left for New York to-day, to be ab

sent several days. ARRIVAL OF REBEL PRISONERS. Another batch of rebel prisoners was brought in to day. Such arrivals from the Shenandoah valley are be. coming daily occurrences.

THE GEORGETOWN RAILROAD COMPANY. Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company

was organized to-day, by the election of Henry D. Cooke, President, and Harris C. Fahnestock, Secretary and Treasurer. Ground was broken near the Capitol, and the laying of the track begun.

THE PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL. The Senate was occupied to-day principally with the Pacific Railroad bill. Some slight amendments were proposed, and the bill prepared for further action. Its passage is regarded as a fixed fact.

DEATHS OF SOLDIERS. The following deaths of soldiers are reported:-G. W. Derby, Co. L., 9th New York cavalry,
A. F. McFarim, Co. L., 1st Ohio.
T. A. Leaning, Co. H., 76th New York.
C. H. Gernsey, Co. I., 76th New York.
Thomas Richardson, Co. I., 109th Pennsylvania.

FAILURE OF THE NEW YORK MAIL. The people of Washington are sadly disappointed about news to night. The mail train from New York missed connection east of Philadelphia, and the HERALD failed to arrive. When there is no HERALD there is no news.

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Senute. WASHINGTON, June 11, 1862.

THE SENATORS FROM DESERGT. Mr. LATHAM, (opp) of Cal., offered a resolution that lesars. Cannon and Hooper, claiming to be Senators from Seffate. Laid over.

Seffate. Laid over.

THE ACTS AND ORDINANCES OF THE SECESSIONISTS.

Mr. DIXON, (rep.) of Coun., offered a resolution that all acts or ordinances of succession, alleged to have been adopted by any Legislature or Convention of people of any State, are, as to the federal Union, obsolutely null and void; but while all such acts may and do subject individual actors therein to forfeitures and penalties, they do not in any degree affect the relations of the States wherein they have been adopted to the government, acts of rebellion, insurrection and hostility on the part of the individuals engaged therein, or giving assent thereto; and that such States, notwithstanding such acts or ordinances, are still members of the federal Union, and as such are subject to all the obligations and duties imposed on them by the constitution of the United States, and loyal citizens of such States are entitled to all the privileges thereby guaranteed and conferred.

The resolution was laid over.

JUDICIAL MATERES.

And resolution was laid over.

JUDICIAL MATTERS.

Mr. POWELL, (opp.) of Ky., introduced a bill to provide the means and mode for taking evidence in support of certain cases against the government. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Geimes, (rep.) of Iowa, introduced a bill for the better government of the navy of the United States.

THE ADMISSION OF DESCRIPT INTO THE UNION.

Mr. WADE, (rep.) of Ohio, presented certain papers and documents in support of the claim of Descript of admission as a State.

mission as a State.

THE MARINE CORPS.

The bill in relation to the appointment of lieutenants to the marine corps was taken up, and, after discussion,

passed.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENTS.

Mr. HARRIS, (rep.) of N. Y., from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill to establish provisional governments in certain cases, with the recommendation that it do pass.

At one o'clock the bill amending the Fugitive Slave law was taken up as unfinished business.

Mr. Larham, (opp.) of Cal., moved to postpone it and take up the Pacific Railroad bill.

Agreed to, by yeas 24, nays 11, as follows:—

Yras—Mears. Browning. Chandler, Colleman.

YEAS—Messrs. Browning, Chandler, Collamer, Cowan, Davis, Foster, Harian, Harris, Howard, Kennedy, Lane of Kansas, Latham, McDougall, Mortill, Nesmith, Pomerov, Powell, Saulabury, Starke, Ten Evek, Trumbull, Wade, Willey and Wimot—34.

NAYS—Missrs. Anthony, Clark, Dixon, Doolittle, Feason, den, Foot, Howe, Kiog, Summer, Wilkinson and Wright—11 NAYS—ABSSYK ARTHODY, USERK, DIXON, Doolittle, Feasenden, Foot, Howe, King, Summer, Wilkinson and Wright—II Mr. McDougall, (opp.) of Cal., explained the provisions of the bill, contending that the building of such as road was a matter of general and national interest as well as economy. He thought it would be a self-sustaining road; but even if it was not, it was of such vast importance to the government and the country that they might well make appropriations for such an object; but nothing was asked from the government before the year 1865.

The amendments were ordered to be printed, and the bill postponed until to-morrow.

ADDITIONAL ARMY MEDICAL OFFICERS.

The bill providing additional medical officers to the volunteer service was taken up. It provides for forty surgoons and one hundred and twenty assistant surgeons.

volunteer service was taken up. It provides for forty surgoons and one hundred and twenty assistant surgoons.

Mr. Wilson, (rep.) of Mass., said there was great need of additional surgical aid in the army. He understood that some of the men who were wounded at the battle before Richmond did not have their wounds dressed for the first time until last Saturday.

Mr. Clark, (rep.) of N. H., asked why numbers of men in the hospitals were not discharged when they were not fit for service.

Mr. Grinds, (rep.) of lowa, said that it was not the fault of Congress. They passed an act as long ago as April for the appointment of inspectors to look after these hospitals; but these men had not all been appointed. The medical department of the army ought to have seen to this matter.

Mr. Wilson said that all the session there had been complaints from the cumps and hospitals, loud and strong, against the medical department of the army. A large number of regimental surgeons have been appointed, and there were a larger number of brigade surgeons than there were brigades; yet the number of surgeons was insufficient. There were a large number of wounded men in the hospitals, and as the summer came on the number would increase. There were also complaints that many men had been discharged from the service who were yet fit for it. There was some difficulty in getting the discharge of wounded men. The officers in the volunteer service are very careless in sending men to the hospitals without a descriptive list, without which they cannot get their pay. We hear a great deal about "red tape," but great difficulty is experienced in not

volunteer service are very careless in sending men to the hospitals without a descriptive list, without which they cannot get their pay. We hear a great deal about "red tape," but great difficuty is experienced in not following the prescribed forms.

Mr. Foster, (rep.) of Conn., said that there had been very great mismanagement in the appointment of army surgeons. Many of the surgeons were utterly untit for their duty. At the battle of Winchester many of our wounded soldiers tay for eight or nine days without having their wounds dressed, and some were buried in the very clothes they were wounded aximine into the matter they would find that not all the crucities were perpetrated by the rebels. There were men of our army who had had their legs amputated, and then laid on the floor, and told to get up and go out by the surgeons, and when the poor men said they could not go because they had no legs to walk with, such men had been kicked by the surgeons or by men connected with what is called the "Medical Department of the Army." Such things had occurred after the battle of Winchester. There were at least lifteen thousand men in the hospitals so carclessly that not even their names were sent with them, and such men have died and been buried as "unknown," leaving their families to surfer years of suspense in regard to their fate.

Mr. Wilson said the government had done all they could to get proper returns sent. All the necessary blanks had been furnished, but company officers neglected their duty and were careless.

The bill was then passed.

RELIEF OF GENERAL GRANT.

Mr. Howe, (rep.) of Wis., called up the bill from the House for the relief of Ulysses S. Grant.

The bill provides an allowance of \$1,000 for a check of \$1,000 lost in 1848.

Mr. Hathe, (rep.) of N. H., wanted to know why this claim, the cause of which occurred in 1848, came up now? He thought it was because the man's name was "Grant." He thought it was because the man's name was "Grant."

\$1.000 lost in 1848.

Mr. Halle, (rep.) of N. H., wanted to know why this claim, the cause of which occurred in 1848, came up now? He thought it was because the man's name was "Grant". He thought it better that it should lie over. Mr. Chank said the committee simply judged from the facts. There was nothing to show when the claim was

made.

Mr. Humbell, (rep.) of Ill., thought that the papers would show that the claim was presented long ago. It was well known that many claims were kept here for twenty years. There was no reason for suspicion.

Mr. Howe said that the papers showed the claim was

Mr. Hows said that the papers showed the claim was made in 1852.

Mr. Hall: thought from the facts that the case was a suspicious one. It appears the claim was made in 1852, but no favorable report was made upon it. Now, when a hate of military glory is about General Grant, the claim is brought forward again, and referred, not to the Committee on Claims, but to the Military Committee.

Here, upon the motion of Mr. ESSENDEN, (rsp.) of Ms., the Senate went into executive session, and, upon the reopening of the doors, adjourned.

House of Representatives.

Washington, June 11, 1862.

MEDALS FOR THE INFRONSO OF FORT SUMTER.

Mr. Whalax, (Union) of Va., offered a resolution in acknowledgment of the services of Major Anderson and his officers and men, for their galant stand at Fort Sumter, and providing gold and silver medals for them. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

FOSTAL APPLICATION.

The bill appropriating \$150,000 for service under the recently passed Fost Route bill was passed.

THE FLY OF ARMY OFFICIARS.

The House then resumed consideration of the Senate's amendments to the bill regulating the pay of certain army officers.

The Senate had inserted a section reducing the mileage of Congressmen to twenty cents a mile. The House Military Committee recommended that it be struck out, as it was not germane to an army bill.

Mr. F. A. CONKLING. (rep.) of N. Y., moved to amend the section by reducing the mileage to the actual travelling expenses.

The amendment was adopted by 88 against 30, and the House then struck out the section as thus amended.

Mr. Washingen, (rep.) of Ill., moved to reconsider and lay on the table the last vote.

This was agreed to, and hence the mileage reform disappeared.

This was agreed to, and hence the mileage reform disappeared.

THE BOUNDARIES OF THE CHRCUIT COURTS.

Without concluding action on the Senate's amendments to the bill, the hour for the consideration of the special order arrived, namely the bill to organize she boundaries of the Circuit Courts of the United States.

The bill was passed.

ALLEGED THEASON OF HON. BENJAMIN WOOD, OF NEW YORK.

MY. HINGHAM. (FD.) of Ohlo, rose to a question of privilege and submitted the following, which was read at the Clerk's desk:—

Clerk's desk:—

Whereas, information has been received by the government that Hon. Benjamin Wood, a representative in Congress from the State of New York, and a member of this House, has been engaged in communicating or attempting to reliefs in arms against the government of the United States; be it, therefore.

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary Inquire into the alleged consist of the state Benjamin Wood in the remises, and to that end the said committee be authorized by send for persons and papers, and examine witnesses under eath, and report to the House.

Mr. Phenrs. (opp.) of Mo., said he did not see the gentleman (Mr. Wood) present in his seat a moment ago.

Mr. Binonas—He was in his seat a moment ago.

Mr. Panrs would not oppose the proceeding; but it seemed to him but courteous to a member of the House that he should be present under such circumstances.

Mr. Binonas—I understand the gentleman is in the refreshment room. Let a page be sent after him. This is no question for discussion. When I received the communication from the government I recognized it as my duty to rise in my place and offer the resolution. I desire to say the communication was made to me and received by me. I state, as a member of the House, that I believe the communication has been carefully worded, and does not allege, even by intent, that the information is true. It is purposely guarded, and refers to the alleged conduct of the member without the slightest intent to prejudge the case.

Mr. Wood, (opp.) of N. Y., at this point came into the hall and resumed his seat.

Mr. RICHARDSON, (opp.) of Ill., asked leave to make a

Mr. Richardson, (opp.) of Ill., asked leave to make a

Mr. Richarison, (opp.) of Ill., asked leave to make a suggestion.

Mr. Bingham—I will hear the gentleman.

Mr. Bingham—I will hear the gentleman.

Mr. Bingham—I will hear the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Bingham) states that this information has been received by the government, but as the government is composed of several departments I would like to know which department has received the information. The gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Bingham) rises in his place and makes a certain grave accusation against a member of this House, and when a member, on his own responsibility, makes an accusation I shall vote for an inquiry.

Mr. Bingham—I again remind gentlemen I have made no accusation. I repeat the statement that certain information has been furnished to the government of the character indicated.

Mr. Richarison repeated his question as to what deartment of the government had received the information.

Mr. Bingham—I again remind a certain information that the properties of the government had received the information.

partment of the government had received the information.

Mr. Bingham replied—I believe, originally, the Department of State. The government is a unit, and when it reasonits information to this House it seems hypercritical to be called upon to specify through what channel or specific department of the government it comes.

Mr. Nonix, (opp.) of Onio—The gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Bingham) has stated that the information was communicated to the House from the Executive Department. I, as a member, have heard of no such communication. This is entirely new to the House.

Mr. Bingham—My colleague did not hear me distinctly is aid I had a communication to make to the House, and I say, upon my responsibility, that the preamble to that resolution is true, and such information has been communicated to the government. I will say that, as a matter of justice to the gentleman (Mr. Wood) and myself, have sarefully guarded my words so that the resolution does not oven by implication accuse him (Mr. Wood) of anything. It is simply a resolution of inquiry, and ont of accusation.

Mr. Wood—I house the resolution will be adopted and

the desired system of the control of the desired system. The House then control of anything it is simply a resolution of inquiry, and not of accusation.

Mr. Wood—I hope the resolution will be adopted and a committee appointed, to give me an opportunity to defend myself. I also desire to thank the government for giving me what they have deciled to so many others—namely, an opportunity to be heard.

The resolution was then adopted.

ISBUE OF \$150,009,000 TREASURY NOTES.

Mr. STRYENS, (rep.) of Pa., from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a bill, which was ordered to be printed, authorizing the issue of one hundred and fifty millions of Treasury notes, not bearing interest, of the denomination of not less than five dollars, to be receivable in payment of all loans made to the United States, and of all claims and demands against the United States, and of all claims and demands against the United States, excepting for interest upon bonds, notes and cortificates of debt or deposit; also to be lawful money and a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, excepting duties upon imports and interest on the public debt, &c.

EMPLOYMENT OF CONTICES.

The House then considered the Sonate bill relating to the employment of convicts in the District of Columbia penitentiary, for their improvement and benofit.

A motion of Mr. Sheppier, (opp.) of R. I., the Judiciary Committee were instructed to report a bill providing that courts martial, and prohibiting such imprisonments in future.

On motion of Mr. Sheppier, (opp.) of R. I., the Judiciary Committee were instructed to report a bill providing that courts martial shall not hereafter sentence to the penitentiary under sentence and interest and men found guilty, and also to discharge all prisoners now held by virtue of commitments made by such courts for offences not deemed infamous in common law.

Adjourned.

The Turf. PASHION PLEASURE GROUND ASSOCIATION—1ROTTING WEDNESDAY, June 11.—Double team trotting match

The above race having caused considerable excit mong the owners of double teams, and those generall who drive fast horses on the road, as a matter of course drew a large attendance at the Fashion Pleasur Grounds yesterday afternoon to witness the trot Mr. Knapp's team had the call in the betting until ins

Mr. Knapp's team had the call in the betting until just before the start, when dollar to dollar was wagered. The track was in very good condition, notwithstanding the heavy rains of the night previous, and the time made was very good for untrained roadsters.

First Heat.—The teams had a very even start; but Knapp's team soon went in front and led to the quarter pole a length in forty-two seconds. Colgate's team then closed and took the lead and went to the half mile pole a length clear in 1.24%. Leaving that point, Knapp's team lapped the other, and they trotted very prettily side and side, until near the three-quarter pole, when both teams broke up repeatedly; but Knapp's team, settling down the soonest, came home a winner by a length or so in 2:49.

Second Heat.—The teams had another fine send off, and went around the turn much faster than in the pre-

Second Heat.—The teams had another fine send off, and went around the turn much faster than in the previous heat, Colgate's team showing the more speed and opening two or three lengths on the other to the quarter pole, which point was passed in forty seconds. Going down the back stretch, however, they broke up, and Knapp's closed up; but they were soon shaken off again, and Colgate's passed the half mile pole in 1:20. The bays kept the gap open from there to the stand, notwithstanding that the Knapp team indulged in occasional breaks and runs all the way home. The heat was,made in 2:42.

Third Heat.—Several unsuccessful attempts were made to get off before the word was given. This was occasioned by an attempt to crowd the Colgate team too close to the fence on the inside, which invariably and fortunately broke up the off herse before the word was given. When they were started, however, they went very prettily around the turn to the quarter pole, head and head, in forty-one seconds. Here the Knapp team broke up, and the others dashed away from them, never again to be overtaken in the race, going to the half mile pole half a dozen lengths altead in 1:20, and coming home easy winners in lengths attend in 1:20, and coming home easy winners in the remembrance of his last double team race being frosh in the minds of all. Losers never f rgive, nor do winners forget.

Knapp's team was put up at auction as soon as the

the minds of all. Losers never f rgive, nor do wanners forget.

Knapp's toam was put up at auction as soon as the race was over, and sold to Mr. George Alley for \$1,700.

The great handicap comes off this afternoon, after which, it was rumored yesterday, the fast team of Commodore Vanderbilt would be driven around the track, to give the public an exhibition of their speed. They will be driven by Sam McLaughlin, in which case, should they beat Bonner's time, they will not be entitled to the ten thousand dollars offered by that gentleman. The horses to beat the Lodger team must be driven by the gentleman owning them, and not by a light weight professional.

essional. The Union Course, Long Island, has been secured by ir. Cassady, and the race meeting contemplated will commence on the 2nd of July and continue five days. Official Drawings of Murray, Eddy &

Co. a Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 276—June II. 1862.

24, 12, 5, 36, 61, 7, 46, 17, 51, 67, 58, 64.

KENTUCKY, ULASS 276—June II. 1832.

14, 29, 70, 39, 35, 35, 50, 69, 23, 33, 68, 74, 62.

Chremars sent free of charge by addressing either to MIRRAY, EDDY & CO.,

Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo. Official Drawings of the Kentucky and

Delaware State Lotteries.

ENTITION STATES 223—June 11, 1862.

66, 11, 71, 18, 69, 46, 24, 39, 27, 34, 17, 15.

DELAWARE, CLASS 246—June 11, 1862.

49, 34, 59, 19, 46, 56, 21, 38, 33, 70, 58, 66, 27.

Girculars sent by addressing.

JUNN A. MORRIS A. CO. ars sent by addressing JOHN A. MORRIS & CO., Wilmington, Delaware, or Covington, Kentucky.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes Cashed and information furnished by TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No 16 Wall street.

Prizes Cashed in All Legalized Lotte-ies. Information given. JOSEPH BATES, Breker, Il Wall street, room No. 1, New York. Beauregard's Retreat from Corinth.

Academy of Music.

Academy of Music.

THE FIFTY CENTS OPERA.

on the Castle Garden plan, for five nights only. Admission of the Castle Garden plan, for five nights only. Admission of the Castle Garden plan, for five nights only. Admission of the Castle Garden plan, of the Castle Garden plan, of the Castle Garden plan, or the Castle Garden plan

Barnum's Bables are Still the Attrac. tion of the town, and everybody is thronging the Museum to see them. As this week is the last, only three days remain to look upon the little beauties.

Eight Cartes de Visites for \$100, not

At Jeffers', 573 Broadway, Ludies' Elas-tic Boots, \$1 50, \$1 75 and \$2; Balmorals, \$2, \$2 25 and \$2 50; gents fine Sloes and Sippers, youther and children's Bal-morals, Shoes and Galters. JEFFERS, 573 Broadway. Ladies' Congress Heeled Gaiters, at \$1 25, \$1 50 and \$1 75, at RARTLETT'S, 372 Grand street, A Pure Tobacco.—Yellow Bank Tobacco.—Goodwin's Pure Yellow Bank Tobacco, free from all impurities, for sale by all tobacco and segar dealers, and at rholesale by E. GOODWIN & BEOTHER, 309 Water street.

Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burgiar Proof Safes, 251 Broadway, corner of Murray street, New York.

Dr. E. R. Clarke's Vegetable Sherry Win: Bitters renews the system, invigorates the shackled frame, purifies the blood and produces an appetite. Only 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

Barry's Tricopherous is the Best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cirtling, cleaning, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies are it. Sold by all druggists. Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Preservative and

is, the best in the world, wholesale and privately applied at No. 6 Astor House. Beautiful Complexion .- Laird's Bloom Youth, or Liquid Pearl, preserves and beautifies the xion and Skin. All druggists and at 439 Broadway.

Trusses.—Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure Truss Offic. No. 2 Vessy street (under the Astor House), op-posite the church. A Female attends lades. No connection whatever with any other Truss office of same name.

Dr. Kennedy's Medical Discovery Is warranted to cure Scrofula, Erysipelas, Ringworm, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Pimpies, and every disease of the Skin, of whatever nature.

Hill's Hair Dyc-50 Cents, Black Brown. Best in use. Depot No. 1 Barclay street, and by all druggists.

CHANDLER -On Wednesday, June 11, Henry Hows, only son of Nathan and Mary Ellen Chandler, aged 9 years.
The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funoral, on Friday afternoon, at two o'clock, from No. 33
East Thirty-seventh street, without further notice.
NEWBY.—On Wednesday evening, June 11, after a short but severe illness, Exm.y, widow of Robert S. Newby, in the 85th year of her age.

For Other Deaths See Eighth Page.

MISCELLANEOUS. MISCELLANEOUS.

AN IMPORTANT WORK ON PHYSIOLOGY, &C.—
A guide for the married, or those contemplating it.—
Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New York Medical
Adviser and Marriage Guide, fifteth edition, revealing the
facts obtained by anatomy and experiments in the Frencia
and English hospitals, and private practice, including a
treatise upon the diseases and weaknesses inflicting the human family from ignorance of their causes, indiscretion,
&c. Sent free for \$1, by E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey street,
Astor House, or ROSS a TOUSEY, 121 Nassau street, New
York. The Doctor's offices are at \$47 Broadway, up stairs.
Hours for treatment 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. Larmont and his work."—Courrier des Etats Unis, Dispatch,
Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review. &c.

A T \$3, \$3 50, \$4 and \$4 50, SHOES AND GAITERS, ALL the newest styles, now ready at JONES', 10 and 12 Ann

AT SEMMONS & CO.'S, 66914 BROADWAY, OPPO-A sit Bond street, Speciacles and Eyegiasses of the greatest transparency, Field and Marine Glasses, single and double Telescopes of immense power and long range of ob-

A LL HOUSEKEEPERS AND OTHERS A Will save 20 per cent by buying REFRIGERATORS. WATER COOLERS, TEA TRAYS, SILVER PLATED WARE, BRUSHES, MATS, BASKETS, KITCHEN, COOKING UTENSILS and overy article in bousekearing.

and ever article in housekeeping.

Splendid Sliver Plated fee Pitchers \$4 59 each.

At the Great Bazar, Cooper Institute Building.
One block from Broadway.

In Astor place.

All goods delivered free of charge. Illustrated catalogue
Call and see for your-self.

No connection with any other store.

Third and Fourth avenue cars pass the doors.

E. D. BASSFORD, Sole Proprietor

AT BARKER'S-THE BEST AND MOST NATURAL Regarders at the world are made. Call and see them at the

AT GIMBREDE'S, \$4 ALBUMS (FIFTY PICTURES) retailed at \$3. Wedding Cards, Note Paper, Monograms A NNIN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF ENGLISH
Bunting Flace, 99 Fulton street, corner of William.
(Established in 1847.)

A NEW GAS APPARATUS
FOR THE COUNTRY.
The subscribers are now prepared to furnish theis
NEW PATRNT GAS APPARATUS.
FOR LIGHTING
COUNTRY RESIDENCES, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, &c.,
at about one-haif the cost of any heretofore offered to
the public.
The cost of making Gas by this Apparatus, labor not included, is reduced in the same ratio, and the expense of
lighting a private residence, using ten burners, will not exceed thirty cents pre week. Geo. H, KITCHEN & CO.,
Patentees, 561 Broadway, New York. NEW GAS APPARATUS
FOR THE COUNTRY

A LL KINDS OF CLEANING AND DYEING, NO. 430 Ladles Dresses Gentley Corner of Broadway Call and A. Broome street, corner of Broadway Call and Ladles' Dresses, Gentlemen's Coats, Pants, Vests cle same as new without taking apart. A LLEVIATOR.-DR. BRIGGS' NEWLY INVENTED

ATTENTION DR. BRIGGS, THE CHIROPODIST, IS

A. skillful and successful in his treatment of Corns Runions, Callestiles, Club and Inverted Nails, Enlarged and Diseased Joints, and all other diseases of the feet. Office 212 Broadway, N. Y.

A POPULAR TREATISE—BY DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL, with illustrations. Price 50 cents. CARLETON, Publisher, 413 Broadway. BRIDGEWATER PAINT-SINCE 1830, ON TIN, IRON, wood and brick; well tested, holding the oil for years. Wholesale depot, 74 Maiden lane.

CHIROPODISTS.—LITTLEFIELD & WESTERVELT

adway, a few doors above Thirteenth stre CORNS, BUNIONS, INVERTED NAILS, ENLARGED Joints, and all diseases of the feet, cured without sup-or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeor Chiropodist, 760 Broadway. Refers to physicians and sur-geous of the city.

Office hours from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M. FLAGS, FLAGS, FLAGS, FLAGS.
Best English Buntting and Stilk Flags.
Silk, Muslin and Paper Toy Flags, all sizes.
Engl s. Spears, Gilt Balls, Poles, Staffs and
HOLER & GRAHAM, Manufacturers, 97 I

FLAGS MADE OF DOUBLE WARPED ENGLISH bouting, at ANNIN & CO.'S, 99 Fulton street, corner of William. (Established in 1847.)

[PLAGS! OHN N. STEARNS. FLAGS!!
No. 60 Cedar s reet, nearly opposite the Post office.

MPORTANT -ALL ARTICLES FOR

J AUNDICE -THIS YELLOW COLORATION OF THE skin is characteristic of an increased secretion of bile or of its passage into the blood, in consequence of some of struction in the circulation of the liver. Here, stept but symptom, the cause must be attacked in the contract but SYRUP acts in a wonderful manner in atimulating the live of the proper performance of its duty.

LIPPMANN AND BACHMANN'S
MAGNETIC MUSK-CAT POWDERS,
The only infallible Remedies
ROACHES, CROTON BUCS, EEDBUGS, ANTS, MOTHS,
FLEAS, RATS AND MICE.
Depot, No. 544 Broadway.

PILES, FISTULA AND DISEASES OF THE PELVIC Organs. Dr. H. A. DANIELS, 221 Sixth avenue, near Fourteenth street. SMITH & BROTHER'S

NEW TORE PALE

in whole, half and quarter casks, brewed from baries malt and hops. Brewery 188 and 160 We street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues. 2 S-T-1800-X.-DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.—
Of this celebrated brand, appears to be in every one's mouth, as well as on every one's table. They are a splendid article and can be relied upon to strengthen and invigorate exhausted nature.

exhausted nature.

SELLING AT COST—PRIOR TO REMOVAL—THREE
ply Carpets, 7s, 6d.; Tapestry, 7s., 7s. 6d.; superfine In
grain, 5s. 6d.; handsome Ingrain, 3s., 3s. 6d.; Olleichi, 3s
per yard; gilt Window Shades, gilt Corniess, Paper Hang
ings, a large assortment, &c., at LANDON'S, 374 Hudso
street, near King street.

THOMAS R. AGNEW, 290 GREENWICH STREET, COR-ner of Murray street, is now selling Tea at 50c., worth 75c.; Coffee at 20c., worth 25c.; choice Dairy Butter at 18 cents, worth 20 cents; Hams at 7 cents, worth 16 cents. No profit charged to the dependents of those who go forth to sustain the government and uphold the honor and dignity of the Stars and Stripes. Cut this out and bring it along. THOMAS R. AGNEW, 260 Greenwich street.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe long affection, and that dread disease consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of euro. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Brenchitts, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he concives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, N. Y.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, CONSIDERED GOOD looking, would like to correspond with some lively young lady with a view to matrimony; one who is for the linion "to a man" preferred. Any young lady who is pretty, accomplished, ardent and Evring may address, enclosing extre do visite, Frank Williams, care of Ellier & Jennins, LELLIGENT YOUNG LADY, SINCERELY AND

A truly wishing to marry, may have an opportunity by addressing Fabricius, box III Herald office. She must be of pleasing address, amisble disposition, affectionate, and not twenty ave years of age. Correspondence will be treated as a controlly application.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

TO-NIGHT (TRUESDAY), JUNE 12,
AND EYERY EVENING.
PROFESSOR ANDERSON AGAIN "VICTORIGUES!*
UNEXAMPLED SUCCESS!
GREAT TRUMPH!
THE SENSATION OF NEW YORK!
THROSGED AND OVERFLOWING HOUSES!
Beyond all Precedent, and out of the pale of all Comparison is the

THE WIZARD'S TEMPEST! THE WIZARDIN TEMPLOT:

Press and Public alike pronounce that it is

MOST ENGLIFIED BY THE GRADES GOVERN

MOST ENGLIFIED BEAUTIFUL

MOST HOLLAND BEAUTIFUL

EVER WITHERS GOVERN YORK SURGE.

ITS FELICITUS HITES,

POLITICAL PASQUINADES,

HAPPY ALLUSIONS,

HAPPY ALLUSIONS,

TAPPY ALLUSIONS,

TOTAL PROPERTY.

make it.

THE PIECE OF THE TIMES.

"It holds the mirror up to nature,
And shows the very face and manner of the times,
Its form and pressure."

ITS GORGEOUSLY RICH COSTUMES
(which have cost nearly \$5,000),
admitted by all who have produced the best spectace
pieces of the city to
OUTVIE THEM ALL IN GORGEOUSNESS

TRANSCEND THEM ALL IN SPLENDOR. THE SCENERY HAS HAD NO PARALLEL EXQUISITE IN EXECUTION BEYOND ALL PRAISE IN DESIGN.

No recent debutante has achieved A SUCCESS SO MARKED MISS EMILY THORNE. BURLESQUE ACTRESS Has at once achieved the
HIGHEST PINNACLE OF AMERICAN FAME.
THE CALIBAN

CALIBAN Is nightly received with uproarious acclamation and best illustration of the "irrepressible nigger.

THE ADMIRABLE MUSIC.

CHARMING CHORAL EFFECTS,

AND

THE GREAT SONG

LITTLE MISS FLORA ANDERSON. elicit tornadoes of the witcest applause.

MISS LOUINA ANDERSON AS FERDIMAND
Miss Heine Anderson as the Genius of the Union.

In the course of the burleague, the
GRAND PROCESSION

from the stage to the front of the theatr and around the
CIRCUMDONIC BALCONY.
TWO HUNDRED BEAUTIFUL WOMEN AMAZONS, FAIRIES and

Oberon.... Puck..... Mustardseed ... Peas Blossom... Titania Hecate, a bluste Incantation Mr. Charles Hale lacantation Mr. Charles Hale Shade of Shakspere Mr. A. T Bradley THE WIZARD OF THE NORTH, in propria personic Prof. ANDERSON THE BURLESQUE—DRAMATIS PERSON.6. Princulo Mr. Jeffri Capitaln Cuttle Mr. T. Morn Jack Bunsby Mr. C. Burn INHABITANTS OF THE UNINHABITED ISLAND. Professor Andes

Mr. J. G. Burnet

Which is which?—You pays your money and you takes y

choice. Ariel. Miss Jone Burks
Miranda, the wizard's little treasure. Miss Emily Thornse
Caliban. Miss Spiritual vivandieres, demons and various magical
spirits of assorted colors; lords and other
THE GORGEOUS PANORAMA of the MEDITERRANEAN
And the
PROCESSION SCENE
In the first act, constitute, with the

In the first act, constitute, with the RESPLENDENT TRANSFORMNTION THE GREATEST SIGHT EVER BEHELD ON THE The burlesque is preceded each evening by PROFESSOR ANDERSON'S MAGIC ENTERTAINMENT PROFESSOR ANDERSON'S MAGIC ENTERTAINMENT PROFESSOR ANDERSON'S MAGIC ENTERTAINMENT PROFESSOR ANDERSON'S MAGIC ENTERTAINMENT

NEW FLORAL PSYCHOMANTEUM NEW FLORAL PSYCHOMANTEUM NEW FLORAL PSYCHOMANTEUM

To accure seats for this gorgeous entertainment it is requi-site to apply in advance. Bor office open daily from 8 A. M. Doors open every evening at 736; commence at 8 o'clock First grand Matinee on Saturday, June 16. YOUNG LADY, WHORE HUSBAND IS ABSENT AT the war, has some nicely furnished Rooms which she il lot to gentlemen and indies. Board for the ladies only, quire at 197 Bleecker st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COOK, IN A PRIVATE family, by a good cook and baker, and excellent launfamily, by a good cook and baker, and excellent laun-has the best of city reference for character and capa-Can be seen at 354 7th av., second rancy store above

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT seamstress; understands cutting and fiting ladies' children's dresses and all kinds of family sewing; would be willing to take care of children or do light chamberwo would go in the country; best of reference. Can be seen 334 Bowery, opposite 5th at.

MACHINIST WANTED-AT THE BAGLE WIRE COMPANY K. TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT N. Y. S. N. G., is now forming at the armory of Co. C. Recruits are daily being received both at the armory of Co. C. and at the corner of Seventh street and Hall place. This is the tenth company of the regiment, and bids fair to equal, if not surpass, in the character of its recruits, any of the other companies of this splendid corps. They will join their regiment either at the end of the present week or at the commencement of the next. Recruiting offices are at Co. C'e rmory, 1:5 Sixth avenue, and at the corner of Seventh at rect and Hall place.

COTTON FACTORY—SITUATED IN GEORGETOWN, D. C.—34 looms, 2,569 spindles, 4 dressing frames and 24 cards; blacksmith shop and waste house detached. Water power abundant. This property is worthy the attention of capitalists, as it will be sold very low and upon easy terms. Apply to J. McKENNY. Washington Building, Penusylvanta avenue and Seventh street, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of the Greery and Liquor Store No. 15 Rose surest, The reason for selling, the owner has other business to attend to. Apply at the store, 15 Rose street. FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A first class corner Liquor Store, 355 Broome street, near the Bowery, with or without Stock. Apply for three days. COOD NEWS FOR BILLIARD SALOON KEEPERS.—
W. H. GRIFFITH has succeeded in getting the taxes on billiard tables reduced to \$5 per table. A large and fine stock of Tables for saic at W. H. GRIFFITH'S factory, 145

HEADQUARTERS HILLHOUSE LIGHT INFANTRY, LAFAYETTE HALL (LIGHT GUARD ARROWY).

Captains and other recruiting officers for the Hillhouse light Infantry will promptly report to these headquarters their respective stations, and only proceed in conformity of General Orders No. 31, Adjustant General's office, of this State, complying with paragraphs Nos. 4, 6 and 8 of said orders. Certificate showing military qualifications must be obtained before authority will be granted. This is requisite to produce a unit creditable to the country, State and our selves.

P. J. CLAASSEN, Commandant.

NOTICE TO GENTLEMEN .- A LARGE HOUSE, GEN-N teely furnished, near Broadway, would be rent for a hotel, club house, restaurant or other Let 135 feet deep. Apply at 461 Broome street. SECOND REGIMENT, NEW YORK STATE MILITIA.—
The returned prisoners of this regiment, now in the city of New York, are hereby notified that an appointed to ourmittee of commissioned officers will leave on Friday, at 10 o'clock, for Givernor's Island, to secure their pay in a body, as advised by General Harvey Brown, the Paymanter. All entitled to pay will see this method is the safest and surrest. Thus, will be entitled to that the Armory on Priday, at 9 A. M. will be entitled to the at the Armory on Priday, at 9 A. M. will be entitled to the at the Armory on Priday, at 9 A. M. will be entitled to the at the Armory on Priday.

Captain BRADY, Chalman. REMSEN HOUSE (LATE GLOBE HOTEL), NO. 242 FULTON STREET. Between Clinton and Clarke streets, Brookly This House has been newly refitted and ref-phroughout. A few vacant Suits of Rooms for ikewise Rooms for single gentlemen. TO LET.—THE FIRST FLOOR OF NO. 107 WEST TWEST.

I ty-fourth street, six rooms, at a low rent, to a respectable American family.

Water, gas and other conveniences.

WANTED-FOUR DRESSMAKERS AND ONE OPE-rator on Wheeler & Witson's sewing machine. None but the best hands need apply at 922 Broadway—entrance 21st st. WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION; IS

a good washer and froner, and will do general housework. Call for two days at 299 Spring st., in the rear, second

WANTED-A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID AND Call at 37 Oliver st. WANTED—AS SALESMAN IN A BROADWAY
Store, a young man of steady babits and good address;
one well acquainted with the book, print or stationery trade;
must bring unexceptionable reference. Address, in handwriting, box 3,819 Post office.

MILLINERY, &C. MADAME A. NOURRIT.

55 Bleecker street, near Broadway,
Informs the ladies of New York that she has lately received an elegant assortment of
VALENCIENNES, GARIBALDI,
ZOUAVE CHEMISETTES and STRAW BONNETS,
All the above goods will be disposed of at the most re

and free from slate. Delivered promp nteed. J. C. WOO 277 West Twenty-third street, near:

\$4 80. THE BEST QUALITIES OF RED AND streened, delivered "rom yard 150 West Eleventh quest near berequib avenue."